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### **LLLC-Vancouver East**

January 10, 2018 - 10:00am Other (see below) Breastfeeding Social Vancouver

### **LLLC-Wolfville**

January 10, 2018 - 10:00am
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
Wolfville

### **LLLC - Hawkesbury**

January 10, 2018 - 10:00am
Other (see below)
This Baby is Going to Change
Your Life!
Hawkesbury

### **LLLC-Digby**

January 10, 2018 - 4:00pm Nutrition and Weaning **Digby** 

### LLLC-Oshawa/Whitby Evening

January 10, 2018 - 6:30pm
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
Oshawa-Whitby

### LLLC-Vaughan

January 10, 2018 - 7:00pm Baby Arrives: The Family and the Breastfed Baby **Woodbridge** 

### LLLC-Regina Evening Series

January 10, 2018 - 7:00pm Other (see below) The Importance of Breastfeeding Regina

### LLLC-Winnipeg West

January 10, 2018 - 7:30pm Winnipeg

### <u>LLLC-Kitchener/Waterloo -</u> <u>Wednesday PM</u>

January 10, 2018 - 7:30pm
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
Kitchener

### LLLC-Guelph-Daytime Drop In

January 11, 2018 - 10:00am
Other (see below)
Breastfeeding Support & Social
Drop-In

# Thursday's Tip: Breastfeeding and oral development

Submitted by LLLC Blog on February 18, 2016 - 9:59am

Babies who are exclusively breastfeeding have a different pattern of sucking than that of babies who are exclusively bottle fed according to a 2010 study. We know that the mechanics of sucking require a complex coordination of sucking, swallowing and breathing. The rhythm of a feeding is influenced by the age of the baby, hunger, baby's mouth position on the breast/or shape of the bottle nipple, milk flow, and baby's alertness or fatigue. The study called the sucking and pausing pattern of the breastfeeding babies the normal baseline and concluded that the bottle fed babies exhibited fewer sucks and the same number but longer duration pauses during the feeding sessions.

So, if the sucking pattern of a baby at the breast is the norm against which we measure other kinds of sucking what is it doing for baby's jaw, mouth, and tooth and language development?

Breastfeeding babies' faces, heads, eyes and bodies develop more symmetrically because switching the position of the baby when feeding with both breasts stimulates and exercises both sides of the body equally.

When baby is latched efficiently the breast is drawn deeply in the baby's mouth. This deep latch supports and maintains the normal wide and flatter shape of the palate (the roof of the mouth). Artificial nipples, whether bottles or soothers, tend to push the palate into a higher, narrower V shape. The shape of palate inside the mouth affects the external shape of the face and jaw as well as the shape of the dental arch which in turn affects tooth spacing of both the baby and adult teeth. All of these factors together can affect speech production.

Dr. Brian Palmer stated "Breastfed babies have a better chance of dental health than artificially-fed infants because of the effects of breastfeeding on the development of the oral cavity and airway. With fewer malocclusions, these children may have a reduced need for orthodontic intervention. In addition, children with the proper development of a well-rounded, "U-shaped" dental arch, which is found more commonly in breastfed children, may have fewer problems with snoring and sleep apnea in later life."

Some studies are as interesting for what they don't prove as are others which can draw strong conclusions. Most of the studies on speech development have focused on the shaping of the mouth and the exercise of the jaw and throat muscles inherent in breastfeeding to explain the positive differences found breastfed babies. An interesting study done in 2007 questioned whether factors in breastmilk itself could explain some of the differences. The study looked specifically at polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs). These naturally occurring elements of breastmilk have been studied as they appear to have significant effect on brain and cognitive development. Because of their apparent importance some artificial baby milks have been enriched with PUFAs. This study looked at six month old babies who were either breastfed or fed PUFA-enriched artificial baby milk and measured their brain wave reactions to speech sounds. Only the breastfed babies reacted to all speech sounds and both sides



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### LLLC News

La Leche League Canada
issues statement on Nestle
Nutrition, LLLI and the
International Code

La Leche League Canada issues statement on Nestle Nutrition. LLLI and the...

Nov 27 2017 - 9:17pm

### LLLC's Annual General Meeting

Annual General Meeting of La Leche League Canada Will be held on Saturday,...

Sep 3 2017 - 1:06pm

## Weathering Through the Storm of Parenting ...

Weathering Through the Storm of Parenting in an Interracial Marriage and a...

Mar 11 2017 - 12:59pm

More LLLC News

Guelph

### **LLLC-Coquitlam**

January 11, 2018 - 10:00am

The Art of Breastfeeding and Avoiding Difficulties Port Moody

#### LLLC-Calgary Cougar Ridge

January 11, 2018 - 10:00am
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
Calcary

### **LLLC-Squamish**

January 11, 2018 - 10:30am The Art of Breastfeeding and Avoiding Difficulties Squamish

### **LLLC-Halifax**

January 11, 2018 - 1:00pm
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
Halifax

### LLLC-Saskatoon-Evening Series Meeting

January 11, 2018 - 6:30pm Nutrition and Weaning **Saskatoon** 

### **LLLC-Kelowna**

January 11, 2018 - 7:00pm
Bring your questions and share your experience
Kelowna

### **LLLC-Nepean Central**

January 11, 2018 - 7:00pm Other (see below) A new baby in the family - now what??

Nepean, Ottawa

### **LLLC-Igaluit**

January 12, 2018 - 10:00am
The Advantages of
Breastfeeding to Mother and
Baby
We also answer your questions
about breastfeeding.
Iqaluit

### **LLLC-Woodstock**

January 12, 2018 - 10:00am Nutrition and Weaning Cultural Expectations of Breastfeeding Woodstock

### LLLC-Charlottetown-Enrichment Meeting

January 12, 2018 - 12:00pm Other (see below) Come with your questions and concerns!

Charlottetown

of their brains showed stimulation. These differences in brainwave activity could signal a long term advantage in language acquisition and brain development. The study showed that the presence of PUFAs in the baby's diet doesn't explain the brain and speech development advantage for breastfed babies.

Often the mothers of babies who have disordered sucking and swallowing have been encouraged to switch to bottles. With all of the known advantages of human milk and feeding at the breast it may be more advantageous for the baby to first try a team approach with the assistance of a Lactation Consultant and a Pediatric Speech Pathologist. It may seem odd to consider talking to a Speech Pathologist about a newborn however many of them have specific training in the evaluation of sucking and swallowing. Their skill set can marry well with a Lactation Consultant's knowledge of breastfeeding. To read more details click <a href="here">here</a>.

More information about breastmilk and oral health can be found in Breastfeeding Today's article "Is Breast milk nature's toothpaste?"

If you have questions or concerns about any aspect of breastfeeding please contact a La Leche League Canada Leader or attend a meeting. You can find your local support at LLLC.ca



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La Leche League Canada Breastfeeding Referral Service 1-800-665-4324 La Leche League Canada Charitable Registration Number: 11900 3812 RR0002